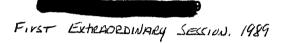
No.1

## **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**



# **ENROLLED**

Committee Substitute for SENATE BILL NO.\_\_\_\_\_

(By Senator Lucky, Mr. Privilent of)

In Effect March 1, 1989



#### ENROLLED

#### COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR.

## Senate Bill No. 1

(By Senators Tucker (Mr. President) and Harman, By request of the Executive)

[Passed January 31, 1989; to take effect March 1, 1989.]

AN ACT to repeal sections two-a, two-b, two-c, two-g, twoh, two-i, two-j, two-k and two-l, article thirteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal sections threea and eleven, article fifteen of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one, two, two-d, two-e and two-m, article thirteen, chapter eleven of said code; to further amend said article thirteen by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-n; to amend and reenact section three, article thirteen-a of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two, three and nine, article fifteen of said chapter; to further amend said article fifteen by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections eight-a and thirty-three; to amend and reenact section two, article fifteen-a of said chapter; to further amend said article fifteen-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine; and to amend and reenact sections six and seventeen, article twenty-three of said chapter, all relating to the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1989; amending and reenacting existing provisions of the

business and occupation tax, the severance tax, the consumers sales and service tax, the use tax and the business franchise tax; eliminating the expiration of the temporary one-cent increase in the consumers sales and service tax and the use tax, making the increase in these taxes permanent preserving the dedication of certain additional revenues therefrom for repayment of pneumoconiosis fund debt; defining terms used in the business and occupation tax; imposing the business and occupation tax, beginning the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, upon the service of gas storage and prescribing the rate thereof and due dates of installment payments; setting forth an alternative method of calculating the business and occupation tax due from electric power and light companies and from generators of electric power; imposing such tax based on the number of kilowatt hours of electric power generated or sold within this state; specifying different rates of tax and exempting from tax kilowatt hours of electric power sold for certain purposes; requiring tax to be computed based on current law and under the alternative method, with liability for tax being the greater of the two; increasing the severance tax rates effective the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; eliminating the exemption from the consumers sales and service tax and use tax for sales of property or services to persons in the business of contracting when such property or services are directly used in the activities of contracting; eliminating references to contracting in the definition of "directly used and consumed" for purposes of the consumers sales and service tax and the use tax; providing that property installed, fixed or incorporated into realty by a contractor is not subject to the consumers sales and service tax exemption for resale; removing the sales tax exemption for food intended for human consumption; providing an exemption mandated under Title fortytwo, United States Code section one thousand seven hundred eighty-six; providing transition rules; making the effective date for all such changes to the consumers sales and service and use tax laws the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; eliminating the credit against the business franchise tax for the amount of tax that would be attributable to the portion of the business franchise tax base giving rise to a severance tax liability for taxable years ending after the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, prorating the credit as to months before the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; increasing the rate of the business franchise tax for taxable years beginning on or after specified date; permitting proration of tax when taxable year is less than twelve months; providing for a minimum tax; clarifying that charitable organizations and churches may continue to be exempt from sales and use tax on purchases of food for meals for which no charge is made; and providing that certain sales to persons engaged in contracting or subcontracting pursuant to a written contract with this state, a political subdivision thereof or a public corporation are exempt from the sales and use tax in certain instances.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two-a, two-b, two-c, two-g, two-h, two-i, two-j, two-k and two-l, article thirteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections three-a and eleven, article fifteen of said chapter eleven be repealed; that sections one, two, two-d, two-e and two-m, article thirteen, chapter eleven of said code be amended and reenacted; that said article thirteen be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-n; that section three, article thirteen-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two, three and nine, article fifteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article fifteen be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections eighta and thirty-three; that section two, article fifteen-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article fifteena be further amended by adding thereto a new section. designated section twenty-nine; and that sections six and seventeen, article twenty-three of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

#### ARTICLE 13. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX.

#### §11-13-1. Definitions.

- 1 (a) General. When used in this article, or in the 2 administration of this article, the terms defined in
- 3 subsection (b) shall have the meanings ascribed to
- 4 them by this section, unless a different meaning is
- 5 clearly required by either the context in which the
- 6 term is used or by specific definition.
- 7 (b) Terms defined.
- 8 (1) "Person" or the term "company," herein used
- 9 interchangeably, includes any individual, firm,
- 10 copartnership, joint adventure, association, corpora-
- 11 tion, trust or any other group or combination acting as
- 12 a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number,
- 13 unless the intention to give a more limited meaning is
- 14 disclosed by the context.
- 15 (2) "Sale," "sales" or "selling" includes any transfer
- 16 of or title to property or electricity, whether for
- 17 money or in exchange for other property.
- 18 (3) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for any tax
- 19 hereunder.
- 20 (4) "Gross income" means the gross receipts of the
- 21 taxpayer, received as compensation for personal
- 22 services and the gross receipts of the taxpayer derived 23 from trade, business, commerce or sales and the value
- 24 proceeding or accruing from the sale of tangible
- 25 property (real or personal), or service, or both, and all
- 26 receipts by reason of the investment of the capital of
- 27 the business engaged in, including rentals, royalties,
- 28 fees, reimbursed costs or expenses or other 29 emoluments however designated and including all
- 30 interest, carrying charges, fees or other like income,
- 31 however denominated, derived by the taxpayer from
- 32 repetitive carrying of accounts, in the regular course
- 33 and conduct of his business, and extension of credit in
- 34 connection with the sale of any tangible personal
- 35 property or service, and without any deductions on

- 40 (5) "Gross proceeds of sales" means the value, 41 whether in money or other property, actually proceed-42 ing from the sale of tangible property without any 43 deduction on account of the cost of property sold or 44 expenses of any kind.
- (6) "Business" shall include all activities engaged in or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or economic benefit, either direct or indirect. "Business" shall include the rendering of gas storage service by any person for the gain or economic benefit of any person, including, but not limited to, the storage operator, whether or not incident to any other business activity.
- 53 (7) "Gas" means either natural gas unmixed, or any 54 mixture of natural and artificial gas or any other gas.
- 55 (8) "Storage reservoir" means that portion of any 56 subterranean sand or rock stratum or strata into 57 which gas is or may be injected for the purpose of 58 storage.
- 59 (9) "Gas storage service" means the injection of gas 60 into a storage reservoir, the storage of gas for any 61 period of time in a storage reservoir, or the with-62 drawal of gas from a storage reservoir. Such gas may 63 be owned by the storage operator or any other person.
- 64 (10) "Gas storage operator" means any person who 65 operates a storage reservoir or provides a storage 66 service as defined herein, either as owner or lessee.
- 67 (11) "Month" or "tax month" means the calendar 68 month.
- 69 (12) "Dekatherm" means the thermal energy unit 70 equal to one million British thermal units (BTU's) or 71 the equivalent of one thousand cubic feet of gas having 72 a heating content of one thousand BTU's per cubic 73 foot.

74 (13) "Taxable year" means the calendar year, or the fiscal year ending during such calendar year, upon the basis of which tax liability is computed under this article. "Taxable year" means, in case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of this article, or under regulations promulgated by the tax commissioner, the period for which such return is made.

#### §11-13-2. Imposition of privilege tax.

- (a) Periods before July 1, 1987. For taxable years or months thereof ending prior to the first day of July. 3 one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, there is 4 hereby levied and shall be collected annual privilege 5 taxes against the persons, on account of the business 6 and other activities, and in the amounts to be 7 determined by the application of rates against values or gross income as set forth in sections two-a to two-9 m, both inclusive, of this article and the application of 10 the surtax rate against gross income as set forth in 11 section two-k: *Provided*, That on the first day of July, 12 one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the taxes 13 imposed by this section, at the rates set forth in 14 sections two-b through two-m, both inclusive, of this 15 article, and in effect on the first day of January, one 16 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, exclusive of any 17 surtaxes, shall be reduced by five percent for taxable 18 months beginning on and after said first day of July: 19 Provided, however, That on and after the first day of 20 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the rate 21 of tax under section two-b of this article shall not be 22 less than eight tenths of one percent: Provided further, That there shall be no such reduction of the rates set 24 forth in section two-a or two-l of this article.
- 25 (b) Periods after June 30, 1987. For taxable years 26 or months beginning after the thirtieth day of June, 27 one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, there is 28 hereby levied and shall be collected annual privilege 29 taxes against the persons, on account of the business 30 and other activities, and in the amount to be 31 determined by the application of rates against values 32 or gross income as set forth in sections two-d and

33 two-m of this article: Provided, That on and after the 34 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-35 seven, the rates applicable to the privileges exercised 36 in sections two-d and two-m of this article shall be 37 restored and returned to those which were in effect as 38 to such privileges on the first day of January, one 39 thousand nine hundred eighty-five: Provided, however, That for taxable months or taxable years begin-41 ning after the twenty-eighth day of February, one 42 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, there is hereby 43 levied and shall be collected annual privilege taxes against the persons, on account of the business and 45 other activities, and in the amount to be determined 46 by the application of rates against the measure of the 47 tax as set forth in sections two-d, two-e, two-m and two-n of this article.

(c) If any person liable for any tax under section 50 two-m shall ship or transport his products or any part thereof out of the state without making sale of such 52 products, the value of the products in the condition or 53 form in which they exist immediately before transpor-54 tation out of the state shall be the basis for the 55 assessment of the tax imposed in such section, except 56 in those instances in which another measure of the tax is expressly provided. The tax commissioner shall prescribe equitable and uniform rules for ascertaining such value.

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60 (d) In determining value, however, as regards sales 61 from one to another of affiliated companies or persons, 62 or under other circumstances where the relation 63 between the buyer and seller is such that the gross proceeds from the sale are not indicative of the true value of the subject matter of the sale, the tax 66 commissioner shall prescribe uniform and equitable 67 rules for determining the value upon which such privilege tax shall be levied, corresponding as nearly as possible to the gross proceeds from the sale of 70 similar products of like quality or character where no 71 common interest exists between the buyer and seller 72 but the circumstances and conditions are otherwise 73 similar.

#### §11-13-2d. Public service or utility business.

- 1 (a) Upon any person engaging or continuing within 2 this state in any public service or utility business, 3 except railroad, railroad car, express, pipeline, tele-4 phone and telegraph companies, water carriers by 5 steamboat or steamship and motor carriers, the tax 6 imposed by section two of this article shall be equal to 7 the gross income of the business derived from such 8 activity or activities multiplied by the respective rates 9 as follows:
- 10 (1) Street and interurban and electric railways, one 11 and four-tenths percent;
- 12 (2) Water companies, four and four-tenths percent, 13 except as to income received by municipally owned 14 water plants;
- 15 (3) Electric light and power companies, four percent 16 on sales and demand charges for domestic purposes 17 and commercial lighting and four percent on sales and 18 demand charges for all other purposes, and except as 19 to income received by municipally owned plants 20 producing or purchasing electricity and distributing 21 same: Provided, That electric light and power compa-22 nies which engage in the supplying of public service 23 but which do not generate or produce in this state the 24 electric power they supply shall be taxed on the gross 25 income derived from sales of power which they do not 26 generate in this state at the rate of three percent on 27 sales and demand charges for domestic purposes and 28 commercial lighting and three percent on sales and 29 demand charges for all other purposes, except as to 30 income received by municipally owned plants: Pro-31 vided, however, That the sale of electric power under 32 this section shall be taxed at the rate of two percent 33 on that portion of the gross proceeds derived from the 34 sale of electric power to a plant location of a customer 35 engaged in a manufacturing activity, if the contract 36 demand at such plant location exceeds two hundred 37 thousand kilowatts per hour per year, or if the usage 38 of such plant location exceeds two hundred thousand 39 kilowatts per hour in a year: Provided further, That

the sale of electric power under this section shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this section and section two of this article if it is separately metered and consumed in an electrolytic process for the manufacture of chlorine in this state, or is separately metered and consumed in the manufacture of ferroalloy in this state, and the rate reduction herein provided to the taxpayer shall be passed on to the manufacturer of the chlorine or ferroalloy. As used in this section, the term "ferroalloy" means any of various alloys of iron and one or more other elements used as a raw material in the production of steel: And provided further, That the term does not include the final production of steel;

- 54 (4) Natural gas companies, four and twenty-nine 55 hundredths percent on the gross income: Provided, 56 That the sale of natural gas under this section shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this section and 57 section two of this article to the extent that the natural 58 gas is separately metered and is gas from which the purchaser derives hydrogen and carbon monoxide for 61 use in the manufacture of chemicals in this state, and the full economic benefit of the exception herein provided to the taxpayer shall be passed on to such purchaser of the natural gas: Provided, however, That 64 there shall be no exemption for the sale of any natural gas from which the purchaser derives carbon monox-66 ide or hydrogen for the purpose of resale; 67
- 68 (5) Toll bridge companies, four and twenty-nine 69 hundredths percent; and
- 70 (6) Upon all other public service or utility business, 71 two and eighty-six hundredths percent.
- 72 (b) The measure of this tax shall not include gross 73 income derived from commerce between this state and 74 other states of the United States or between this state 75 and foreign countries. The measure of the tax under 76 this section shall include only gross income received 77 from the supplying of public service. The gross income 78 of the taxpayer from any other activity shall be 79 included in the measure of the tax imposed upon such

- 80 other activity by the appropriate section or sections of 81 this article.
- 82 (c) Beginning the first day of March, one thousand 83 nine hundred eighty-nine, electric light and power 84 companies shall determine their liability for payment 85 of tax under this section and sections two-m and two-86 n of this article. If for taxable months beginning on or 87 after the first day of March, one thousand nine 88 hundred eighty-nine, liability for tax under section 89 two-n of this article is equal to or greater than the 90 sum of the power company's liability for payment of 91 tax under paragraph (3), subsection (a) of this section 92 and section two-m of this article, then the company 93 shall pay the tax due under section two-n of this 94 article and not the tax due under paragraph (3), 95 subsection (a) of this section and section two-m of this 96 article. If tax liability under section two-n is less, then 97 tax shall be paid under paragraph (3), subsection (a) of 98 this section and section two-m of this article and the 99 tax due under section two-n shall not be paid. The 100 provisions of paragraph (3), subsection (a) of this 101 section shall expire and become null and void for 102 taxable years beginning on or after the first day of 103 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight.

#### §11-13-2e. Business of gas storage; effective date.

- 1 (a) Rate of tax. Upon every person engaging or 2 continuing within this state in any gas storage business 3 utilizing one or more gas storage reservoirs located 4 within this state, the tax imposed by section two of 5 this article shall be equal to five cents multiplied by 6 the sum of (1) the number of dekatherms of gas 7 injected into such a gas storage reservoir during a tax 8 month and (2) the number of dekatherms of gas 9 withdrawn from such a gas storage reservoir during a 10 tax month, whether or not such gas is owned by, or is 11 injected or withdrawn for, the storage operator or any 12 other person. Fractional parts of dekatherms shall be 13 included in the measure of tax as provided in 14 regulations promulgated by the tax commissioner.
- 15 (b) Effective date. The measure of tax under this

- section shall include gas injected into, or withdrawnfrom, a gas storage reservoir after the twenty-eighthday of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 18 day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty.
  19 nine.
- 20 (c) Administration; installment payments. The tax 21 due under this section shall be administered, collected
- 22 and enforced as provided in this article and articles
- 23 nine and ten of this chapter. The tax due under this
- 24 section shall be remitted in periodic installments as
- 25 provided in section four of this article, except that
- 26 such periodic installment payments shall be remitted
- 27 on or before the twentieth day of the month following
- 28 the month or quarter in which the tax accrues.

# §11-13-2m. Business of generating or producing electric power; exception; rates.

- 1 (a) Upon every person engaging or continuing
- 2 within this state in the business of generating or
- producing electric power for sale, profit or commercial
- 4 use, either directly or through the activity of others, in
- 5 whole or in part, when the sale thereof is not subject
- 6 to tax under section two-d of this article, the amount
- 7 of the tax to be equal to the value of the electric
- 8 power, as shown by the gross proceeds derived from
- 9 the sale thereof by the generator or producer of the
- 10 same multiplied by a rate of four percent, except that
- 11 the rate shall be two percent on that portion of the 12 gross proceeds derived from the sale of electric power
- 13 to a plant location of a customer engaged in a
- 14 manufacturing activity, if the contract demand at such
- 15 plant location exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts
- 16 per hour per year, or if the usage at such plant
- 17 location exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts per
- 18 hour in a year.
- 19 (b) The measure of this tax shall be the value of all
- 20 electric power generated or produced in this state for 21 sale, profit or commercial use, regardless of the place
- 22 of sale or the fact that transmission may be to points
- 23 outside this state: *Provided*, That the gross income
- 24 received by municipally owned plants generating or

25 producing electricity shall not be subject to tax under 26 this article.

(c) Beginning the first day of March, one thousand 28 nine hundred eighty-nine, every person taxable under 29 this section shall determine their liability for payment 30 of tax under this section and under paragraph (3), 31 subsection (a), section two-d of this article and section 32 two-n of this article. If for taxable months beginning 33 on or after the first day of March, one thousand nine 34 hundred eighty-nine such person's liability for pay-35 ment of tax under this section and paragraph (3), 36 subsection (a), section two-d of this article is less than 37 the amount of such person's liability for payment of 38 tax under section two-n of this article, then such 39 person shall pay the tax due under section two-n and 40 not the sum of the amount of tax due under this 41 section and under paragraph (3), subsection (a), section 42 two-d of this article. If the tax due under section two-43 n of this article is less, then the amount of tax due 44 under this section and paragraph (3), subsection (a), 45 section two-d of this article shall be paid. The 46 provisions of this section shall expire and become null 47 and void for taxable years beginning on or after the 48 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight.

# §11-13-2n. Business of generating or producing or selling electric power; exemptions; rates.

- 1 (a) Rate of tax. Upon every person engaging or 2 continuing within this state in the business of 3 generating or producing electricity for sale, profit or 4 commercial use, either directly or indirectly through 5 the activity of others, in whole or in part, or in the 6 business of selling electricity to consumers, or in both 7 businesses, the tax imposed by section two of this 8 article shall be equal to:
- 9 (1) Two tenths of one cent times the kilowatt hours 10 of net generation available for sale that was generated 11 or produced in this state by the taxpayer during the 12 taxable year, except that this rate shall be five 13 hundredths of one cent times the kilowatt hours of net

14 generation available for sale that was generated or 15 produced in this state by the taxpayer and sold to a 16 plant location of a customer engaged in manufacturing 17 activity if the contract demand at such plant location 18 exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts per hour per 19 year or if the usage at such plant location exceeds two 20 hundred thousand kilowatts per hour in a year: 21 Provided. That in order to encourage the development 22 of industry to improve the environment of this state, 23 the tax imposed by this section on any person 24 generating or producing electric power and an alterna-25 tive form of energy at a facility located within this 26 state substantially from gob or other mine refuse shall 27 be equal to five hundredths of one cent times the 28 kilowatt hours of net generation or production available for sale. The measure of tax under this paragraph 30 shall be equal to the total kilowatt hours of net 31 generation available for sale that was generated or 32 produced in this state by the taxpayer after the 33 twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand nine 34 hundred eighty-nine, regardless of the place of sale or 35 use, or the fact that transmission may be made to 36 points outside this state.

(2) Fifteen hundredths of one cent times the kilowatt 3738 hours of electricity sold to consumers in this state that 39 were not generated or produced in this state by the taxpayer, except that the rate shall be five hundredths 41 of one cent times the kilowatt hours of electricity not 42 generated or produced in this state by the taxpayer 43 which is sold to a plant location in this state of a 44 customer engaged in manufacturing activity if the 45 contract demand at such plant location exceeds two 46 hundred thousand kilowatts per hour per year or if 47 the usage at such plant location exceeds two hundred 48 thousand kilowatts per hour in a year. The measure of 49 tax under this paragraph shall be equal to the total 50 kilowatt hours of electricity sold to consumers in this state after the twenty-eighth day of February, one 51 52 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, that were not generated or produced in this state by the taxpayer, to 54 be determined by subtracting from the total kilowatt 55 hours of electricity sold to consumers in the state the

- 56 net kilowatt hours of electricity generated or produced in the state by the taxpayer during the taxable year.
- 58 (b) *Exemptions*. The provisions of this section 59 shall not apply to:
- 60 (1) Kilowatt hours of electricity generated and sold, 61 or purchased and resold, by a municipally owned 62 plant.
- 63 (2) Kilowatt hours of electric power that are 64 separately metered and consumed in an electrolytic 65 process for the manufacture of chlorine.
- 66 (3) Kilowatt hours of electric power that are 67 separately metered and consumed in the manufacture 68 of ferroalloy. As used in this paragraph, the term 69 "ferroalloy" means any of the various alloys of iron 70 and one or more other elements used as a raw 71 material in the production of steel but shall not 72 include electric power used in the production of steel.
- 73 (4) The full economic benefits provided to the 74 taxpayer by paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection 75 shall be passed on to the manufacturer of the chlorine 76 or ferroalloy.
- (c) Credit. Any person taxable under paragraph (2), subsection (a) of this section shall be allowed a credit against the amount of tax due under that paragraph for any electric power generation taxes paid by the taxpayer with respect to such electric power to the state in which such power was generated or produced. The amount of credit allowed shall not exceed the tax liability arising under paragraph (2), subsection (a) of this section with respect to the sale of such power.
- 87 (d) Transition rule. Beginning the first day of 88 March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, electric light and power companies shall determine their 90 liability for payment of tax under this section and 91 sections two-d and two-m of this article. If for taxable 92 months beginning on or after the first day of March, 93 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, liability for 94 tax under section two-n of this article is equal to or

greater than the sum of the power company's liability for payment of tax under paragraph (3), subsection (a), section two-d and section two-m of this article, then the company shall pay the tax due under section two-n of this article and not the tax due under paragraph (3), subsection (a) of section two-d and section two-m of this article. If tax liability under section two-n is less, then tax shall be paid under paragraph (3), subsection (a), section two-d and section two-m of this article and the tax due under section two-m of this article and the tax due under section two-m shall not be paid. The provisions of this subsection (d) shall expire and become null and void for taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight.

#### ARTICLE 13A. SEVERANCE TAXES.

# §11-13A-3. Imposition of privilege tax; phase-in of modified rates and effective dates therefor.

- 1 (a) Upon every person exercising the privilege of 2 engaging or continuing within this state in severing, 3 extracting, reducing to possession and producing for 4 sale, profit or commercial use any natural resource 5 product or products there is hereby imposed a tax in 6 the amount to be determined by the application of 7 rates against the gross value of the articles produced, 8 as shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale 9 thereof by the producer, except as otherwise provided, 10 multiplied by the rates, in the classifications and 11 according to the effective dates in subsection (b) of this 12 section.
- 13 (b) Tax rates; classifications; effective dates. 14 Beginning on and after the first day of July, one 15 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and for each 16 date, as specified below, the rates of tax on each 17 respective classification and for each respective year 18 are as follows:
- 19 (1) On coal, and including the thirty-five one 20 hundredths (.35) of one percent additional severance 21 tax on such coal for the benefit of counties and

- 22 municipalities, as provided in section six of this
- 23 article, on
- 24 July 1, 1987 three and eighty-five one hundredths
- 25 (3.85) percent;
- 26 July 1, 1988 three and eighty-eight one
- 27 hundredths (3.88) percent; and
- March 1, 1989 and thereafter five (5.0) percent.
- 29 (2) On limestone or sandstone quarried or mined, on
- 30 July 1, 1987 two and two-tenths (2.2) percent;
- 31 July 1, 1988 two and fifty-six one hundredths
- 32 (2.56) percent;
- 33 July 1, 1989 two and ninety-two one hundredths
- 34 (2.92) percent;
- 35 July 1, 1990 three and twenty-eight one
- 36 hundredths (3.28) percent;
- 37 July 1, 1991 three and sixty-four one hundredths
- 38 (3.64) percent;
- 39 July 1, 1992 four (4.0) percent;
- 40 July 1, 1993 four and fifty one hundredths (4.5)
- 41 percent; and
- July 1, 1994 and thereafter five (5.0) percent.
- 43 (3) On oil, on
- 44 July 1, 1987 four and thirty-four one hundredths
- 45 (4.34) percent;
- 46 July 1, 1988 four and two hundred seventy-two
- 47 one thousandths (4.272) percent; and
- 48 March 1, 1989 and thereafter five (5.0) percent.
- 49 (4)(a) On natural gas, on
- July 1, 1987 six and five-tenths (6.5) percent;
- 51 July 1,  $1988 \sin(6.0)$  percent;
- July 1, 1989 five and five-tenths (5.5) percent; and
- July 1, 1990 and thereafter five (5.0) percent.

- 54 (4)(b) On natural gas produced from new wells
- 55 drilled and placed in service on and after July 1, 1987,
- 56 on
- 57 July 1, 1987 four (4.0) percent; and
- 58 March 1, 1989 and thereafter five (5.0) percent.
- 59 (5) On sand, gravel or other mineral product not
- 60 quarried or mined, on
- 61 July 1, 1987 four and thirty-four one hundredths
- 62 (4.34) percent;
- 63 July 1, 1988 four and two hundred seventy-two
- 64 one thousandths (4.272) percent; and
- 65 March 1, 1989 and thereafter five (5.0) percent.
- 66 (6) On timber, on
- 67 July 1, 1987 two and five-tenths (2.5) percent; and
- 68 March 1, 1989 and thereafter three and twenty-
- 69 two hundredths (3.22) percent.
- 70 (7) On other natural resources, on
- 71 July 1, 1987 two and eighty-six one hundredths
- 72 (2.86) percent;
- 73 July 1, 1988 three and eighty-eight one
- 74 thousandths (3.088) percent;
- 75 July 1, 1989 three and three hundred sixteen one
- 76 thousandths (3.316) percent;
- 77 July 1, 1990 three and five hundred forty-four one
- 78 thousandths (3.544) percent;
- 79 July 1, 1991 three and seven hundred seventy-two
- 80 one thousandths (3.772) percent;
- 81 July 1, 1992 four (4.0) percent;
- 82 July 1, 1993 four and fifty one hundredths (4.5)
- 83 percent; and
- 34 July 1, 1994 and thereafter five (5.0) percent.
- 85 (c) Tax in addition to other taxes. The taxes
- 86 imposed by this article shall apply to all persons

- 87 severing or processing (or both severing and 88 processing) natural resources in this state and shall be 89 in addition to all other taxes imposed by law.
- 90 (d) Statement of purpose; relationship to existing 91 contracts. — It is the intent of the Legislature in 92 enacting this article to continue the imposition of the 93 tax upon exercising the privilege of engaging in or 94 continuing within this state the business of severing, extracting, reducing to possession and producing for sale, profit or commercial use, natural resource 97 products, which was imposed by section two-a, article 98 thirteen of this chapter prior to the first day of July. 99 one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, by such act. 100 The provisions of any contract entered into prior to 101 the effective date of this act and relating to the 102 allocation, reimbursement, payment or assessment of 103 the tax imposed by section two-a, article thirteen of 104 this chapter, formerly, shall apply with full force and 105 effect to the tax imposed by this article; it being the 106 intent of the Legislature that, for purposes of any such 107 contractual provision, the tax imposed by this article 108 shall be considered the same as the tax imposed by 109 section two-a, article thirteen of this chapter prior to 110 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 111 eighty-seven.

#### ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

#### §11-15-2. Definitions.

- 1 For purposes of this article:
- 2 (a) "Persons" shall mean any individual, partner-
- 3 ship, association, corporation, municipal corporation,
- 4 guardian, trustee, committee, executor or
- 5 administrator.
- 6 (b) "Tax commissioner" shall mean the state tax 7 commissioner.
- 8 (c) "Gross proceeds" shall mean the amount
- 9 received in money, credits, property or other consider-
- 10 ation from sales and services within this state, without
- 11 deduction on account of the cost of property sold,
- 12 amounts paid for interest or discounts or other

- 13 expenses whatsoever. Losses shall not be deducted, but 14 any credit or refund made for goods returned may be 15 deducted.
- 16 (d) "Sale," "sales" or "selling" shall include any 17 transfer of the possession or ownership of tangible 18 personal property for a consideration, including a lease 19 or rental, when the transfer or delivery is made in the 20 ordinary course of the transferor's business and is 21 made to the transferee or his agent for consumption or 22 use or any other purpose.
- 23 (e) "Vendor" shall mean any person engaged in this 24 state in furnishing services taxed by this article or 25 making sales of tangible personal property.
- 26 (f) "Ultimate consumer" or "consumer" shall mean 27 a person who uses or consumes services or personal 28 property.
- 29 (g) "Business" shall include all activities engaged in 30 or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or 31 economic benefit, direct or indirect, and all activities 32 of the state and its political subdivisions which involve 33 sales of tangible personal property or the rendering of 34 services when those service activities compete with or 35 may compete with the activities of other persons.
- 36 (h) "Tax" shall include all taxes, interest and 37 penalties levied hereunder.
- (i) "Service" or "selected service" shall include all nonprofessional activities engaged in for other persons for a consideration, which involve the rendering of a service as distinguished from the sale of tangible personal property, but shall not include contracting, personal services or the services rendered by an employee to his employer or any service rendered for resale.
- 46 (j) "Purchaser" shall mean a person who purchases 47 tangible personal property or a service taxed by this 48 article.
- 49 (k) "Personal service" shall include those:

- 50 (1) Compensated by the payment of wages in the 51 ordinary course of employment; and
- 52 (2) Rendered to the person of an individual without, 53 at the same time, selling tangible personal property, 54 such as nursing, barbering, shoeshining, manicuring 55 and similar services.
- (l) "Taxpayer" shall mean any person liable for the tax imposed by this article.
- 58 (m) "Drugs" shall include all sales of drugs or 59 appliances to a purchaser, upon prescription of a 60 physician or dentist and any other professional person 61 licensed to prescribe.
- (n) (1) "Directly used or consumed" in the activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources shall mean used or consumed in those activities or operations which constitute an integral and essential part of such activities, as contrasted with and distinguished from those activities or operations which are simply incidental, convenient or remote to such activities.
- 71 (2) Uses of property or consumption of services 72 which constitute direct use or consumption in the 73 activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmis-74 sion, communication or the production of natural 75 resources shall include only:
- (A) In the case of tangible personal property, physical incorporation of property into a finished product resulting from manufacturing production or the production of natural resources; (B) Causing a direct physical, chemical or other change upon property undergoing manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
- 83 (C) Transporting or storing property undergoing 84 transportation, communication, transmission, 85 manufacturing production, or production of natural 86 resources;
- 87 (D) Measuring or verifying a change in property

- 88 directly used in transportation, communication, 89 transmission, manufacturing production or production
- 90 of natural resources;
- 91 (E) Physically controlling or directing the physical 92 movement or operation of property directly used in 93 transportation, communication, transmission, 94 manufacturing production or production of natural 95 resources:
- 96 (F) Directly and physically recording the flow of 97 property undergoing transportation, communication, 98 transmission, manufacturing production or production 99 of natural resources;
- 100 (G) Producing energy for property directly used in 101 transportation, communication, transmission, 102 manufacturing production or production of natural 103 resources;
- 104 (H) Facilitating the transmission of gas, water, steam 105 or electricity from the point of their diversion to 106 property directly used in transportation, communica-107 tion, transmission, manufacturing production or pro-108 duction of natural resources;
- 109 (I) Controlling or otherwise regulating atmospheric 110 conditions required for transportation, communication, 111 transmission, manufacturing production or production 112 of natural resources;
- 113 (J) Serving as an operating supply for property 114 undergoing transmission, manufacturing production or 115 production of natural resources or for property 116 directly used in transportation, communication, trans-117 mission, manufacturing production or production of 118 natural resources;
- 119 (K) Maintenance or repair of property directly used 120 in transportation, communication, transmission, 121 manufacturing production or production of natural 122 resources;
- 123 (L) Storage, removal or transportation of economic 124 waste resulting from the activities of manufacturing, 125 transportation, communication, transmission or the

- 126 production of natural resources;
- 127 (M) Pollution control or environmental quality or
- 128 protection activity directly relating to the activities of
- 129 manufacturing, transportation, communication, trans-
- 130 mission or the production of natural resources and
- 131 personnel, plant, product or community safety or
- 132 security activity directly relating to the activities of
- 133 manufacturing, transportation, communication, trans-
- 134 mission or the production of natural resources; or
- 135 (N) Otherwise be used as an integral and essential
- 136 part of transportation, communication, transmission,
- 137 manufacturing production or production of natural
- 138 resources.
- 139 (3) Uses of property or services which would not
- 140 constitute direct use or consumption in the activities of
- 141 manufacturing, transportation, transmission, commu-
- 42 nication or the production of natural resources shall
- 143 include, but not be limited to:
- 144 (A) Heating and illumination of office buildings;
- 145 (B) Janitorial or general cleaning activities;
- 146 (C) Personal comfort of personnel;
- 147 (D) Production planning, scheduling of work, or
- 148 inventory control;
- 149 (E) Marketing, general management, supervision,
- 150 finance, training, accounting and administration; or
- 151 (F) An activity or function incidental or convenient
- 152 to transportation, communication, transmission,
- 153 manufacturing production or production of natural
- manufacturing production of production of natural
- 154 resources, rather than an integral and essential part of
- 155 such activities.
- 156 (o) "Contracting" shall mean the furnishing of work,
- 157 or both materials and work, in fulfillment of a contract
- 158 for the construction, alteration, repair, decoration or
- 159 improvement of a new or existing building or struc-
- 160 ture, or any part thereof, or for removal or demolition
- 161 of a building or structure, or any part thereof, or for
- 162 the alteration, improvement or development of real

- 163 property. For purposes of this definition, the term 164 "structure" shall include, but not be limited to, 165 everything built up or composed of parts joined 166 together in some definite manner and attached to real 167 property, or which adds utility to a particular parcel of 168 property and is intended to remain there for an 169 indefinite period of time.
- 170 (p) "Manufacturing" shall mean a systematic 171 operation or integrated series of systematic operations 172 engaged in as a business or segment of a business 173 which transforms or converts tangible personal prop-174 erty by physical, chemical or other means into a 175 different form, composition or character from that in 176 which it originally existed.
- 177 (q) "Transportation" shall mean the act or process of 178 conveying, as a commercial enterprise, passengers or 179 goods from one place or geographical location to 180 another place or geographical location.
- 181 (r) "Transmission" shall mean the act or process of 182 causing liquid, natural gas or electricity to pass or be 183 conveyed from one place or geographical location to 184 another place or geographical location through a 185 pipeline or other medium for commercial purposes.
- 186 (s) "Communication" shall mean all telephone, 187 radio, light, light wave, radio telephone, telegraph and 188 other communication or means of communication, 189 whether used for voice communication, computer data 190 transmission or other encoded symbolic information 191 transfers and shall include commercial broadcast 192 radio, commercial broadcast television and cable 193 television.
- (t) "Production of natural resources" shall mean the performance, by either the owner of the natural resources or another, of the act or process of exploring, developing, severing, extracting, reducing to possession and loading for shipment for sale, profit or commercial use of any natural resource products and any reclamation, waste disposal or environmental activities associated therewith.

#### §11-15-3. Amount of tax; allocation of tax and transfers.

- 1 (a) For the privilege of selling tangible personal 2 property and of dispensing certain selected services
- 3 defined in sections two and eight of this article, the
- 4 vendor shall collect from the purchaser the tax as
- 5 provided under this article, and shall pay the amount
- 6 of tax to the tax commissioner in accordance with the
- 7 provisions of this article.
- 8 (b) Beginning on the first day of March, one thou-
- 9 sand nine hundred eighty-nine, the general consumer
- 10 sales and service tax imposed by this article shall be at
- 11 the rate of six cents on the dollar of sales or services,
- 12 excluding gasoline and special fuel sales, which remain
- 13 taxable at the rate of five cents on the dollar of sales.
- 14 (c) There shall be no tax on sales where the mone-
- 15 tary consideration is five cents or less. The amount of
- 16 the tax shall be computed as follows:
- 17 (1) On each sale, where the monetary consideration
- 18 is from six cents to sixteen cents, both inclusive, one
- 19 cent.
- 20 (2) On each sale, where the monetary consideration
- 21 is from seventeen cents to thirty-three cents, both
- 22 inclusive, two cents.
- 23 (3) On each sale, where the monetary consideration
- 24 is from thirty-four cents to fifty cents, both inclusive,
- 25 three cents.
- 26 (4) On each sale, where the monetary consideration
- 27 is from fifty-one cents to sixty-seven cents, both
- 28 inclusive, four cents.
- 29 (5) On each sale, where the monetary consideration
- 30 is from sixty-eight cents to eighty-four cents, both
- 31 inclusive, five cents.
- 32 (6) On each sale, where the monetary consideration
- 33 is from eighty-five cents to one dollar, both inclusive,
- 34 six cents.
- 35 (7) If the sale price is in excess of one dollar, six
- 36 cents on each whole dollar of sale price, and upon any

37 fractional part of a dollar in excess of whole dollars as 38 follows: One cent on the fractional part of the dollar if 39 less than seventeen cents: two cents on the fractional 40 part of the dollar if in excess of sixteen cents but less than thirty-four cents: three cents on the fractional 42 part of the dollar if in excess of thirty-three cents but 43 less than fifty-one cents; four cents on the fractional part of the dollar if in excess of fifty cents but less 45 than sixty-eight cents; five cents on the fractional part of the dollar if in excess of sixty-seven cents but less 47 than eighty-five cents; and six cents on the fractional 48 part of the dollar if in excess of eighty-four cents. For 49 example, the tax on sales from one dollar and one cent 50 to one dollar and sixteen cents, both inclusive, seven 51 cents; on sales from one dollar and seventeen cents to one dollar and thirty-three cents, both inclusive, eight 53 cents; on sales from one dollar and thirty-four cents to 54 one dollar and fifty cents, both inclusive, nine cents; on sales from one dollar and fifty-one cents to one dollar and sixty-seven cents, both inclusive, ten cents; 56 57 on sales from one dollar and sixty-eight cents to one 58 dollar and eighty-four cents, both inclusive, eleven 59 cents and on sales from one dollar and eighty-five cents to two dollars, both inclusive, twelve cents.

(d) Separate sales, such as daily or weekly deliveries, shall not be aggregated for the purpose of computation of the tax even though such sales are aggregated in the billing or payment therefor. Notwithstanding any other provision, coin-operated amusement and vending machine sales shall be aggregated for the purpose of computation of this tax.

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68 (e) Of the taxes collected under the provisions of this 69 article, one sixth of such taxes collected for the period subsequent to the thirty-first day of May one thousand 71 nine hundred eighty-eight prior to the first day of 72July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and not 73 attributable to or resulting from the repeal of section 74 eleven of this article or attributable to tax on 75 purchases of gasoline and special fuel, shall be reasonably allocated, with allowance for refunds and net of reasonable costs of administration, to and deposited by the tax commissioner in the special account created in the treasury by section eight-a, article four-b, chapter twenty-three of this code, not to exceed the amount sufficient for making timely repayment of the principal and interest under the first payment due, by the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, in repayment for the moneys previously transferred from such pneumoconiosis fund.

#### §11-15-8a. Contractors.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this article shall not apply to 2 contracting services. However, purchases by a contraction of tangible personal property or taxable services 4 for use or consumption in the providing of a 5 contracting service shall be taxable beginning the first 6 day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, 7 except as otherwise provided in this article.
- 8 (b) Transition rules. The exemption from payment of tax on purchases of tangible personal property 10 or taxable services directly used or consumed in the activity of contracting, as defined in section two of this 12 article, which expires as of the first day of March, one 13 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall nevertheless 14 remain in effect with respect to:
- 15 (1) Tangible personal property or taxable services purchased by a contractor on or after said first day of 16 17 March in fulfillment of a written contract for contracting, as defined in section two of this article, 18 that was executed and legally binding on the parties 20 thereto on or before the fifteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; or in fulfillment 21 of a written contract entered into after the said fifteenth day of February pursuant to a written bid for contracting that was made on or before the said 25fifteenth day of February that was binding on the 26contractor, but only to the extent that the bid is 27subsequently incorporated into a written contract; or
- 28 (2) Tangible personal property or taxable services 29 purchased by a contractor on or after the said first day 30 of March pursuant to a written contract executed on

- 31 or before the fifteenth day of February, one thousand 32 nine hundred eight-nine, to purchase in specified 33 quantities identified tangible personal property or 34 specified taxable services.
- 35 (3) Tangible personal property or taxable services 36 purchased by a contractor for consumption or use in 37 fulfillment of a written contract entered into before 38 the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, when such contract is for the 40 construction of a new improvement to real property 41 the construction or operation of which was approved 42 by a federal or state regulatory body prior to the first 43 day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.
- 45 (c) Renewals and extensions. — A renewal of any contract shall constitute a new contract for purposes of 46 47 this section, and the date of entry into a contract 48 renewal by the parties, the date or dates of tender of 49 consideration and the time of performance of any 50 contractual obligations under a renewed contract shall be treated as the dates for determining application of 52 this section to the renewed contract. Extensions of 53 time granted or agreed upon by the parties to a contract for performance of the contract or for tender of consideration under the contract shall not be 55 56 treated as contract renewals. Contracts to which such extensions apply shall be treated under these transition rules as if the original contractual provisions for 58 performance and tender of consideration remain in 60 effect.
  - (d) Definitions. For purposes of this section:

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62 (1) The term "contract" or "contracts" means 63 written agreements reciting or setting forth a fixed 64 price consideration or a consideration based upon cost 65 plus a stated percentage or a stated monetary incre-66 ment. This term shall not mean or include ongoing 67 sales contracts, contracts whereby any element of the 68 consideration or the property or services sold or to be 69 rendered in performance of the contract are 70 undefined, or determined, as to either nature or

- 71 quantity, subsequent to the making of the contract, or 72 any open-ended contract.
- 73 (2) The term "contract renewal" or "renewal" 74 means a covenant or agreement entered into or
- 75 assumed by parties which have a current contractual
- 76 relation or which have had a past contractual relation.
- 77 whereby the parties agree to incur obligations beyond
- 78 those which they were, or would have been, required,
- 79 at the minimum, to carry out under their current or
- 80 past contractual relation.

#### §11-15-9. Exemptions.

- (a) Sales of gas, steam and water delivered to 1
- 2 consumers through mains or pipes, and sales of
- 3 electricity;
- (b) Sales of textbooks required to be used in any of
- 5 the schools of this state;
- (c) Sales of property or services to the state, its
- 7 institutions or subdivisions, and to the United States, 8 including agencies of federal, state or local
- 9 governments for distribution in public welfare or
- 10 relief work:
- 11 (d) Sales of motor vehicles which are titled by the
- 12 department of motor vehicles and which are subject to
- 13 the tax imposed by section four, article three, chapter
- 14 seventeen-a of the code:
- 15 (e) Sales of property or services to churches and
- 16 bona fide charitable organizations who make no
- 17 charge whatsoever for the services they render:
- 18 Provided, That the exemption herein granted shall
- 19 apply only to services, equipment, supplies, food for
- 20 meals and materials directly used or consumed by
- 21 these organizations, and shall not apply to purchases of
- 22 gasoline or special fuel;
- 23 (f) Sales of property or services to corporations or
- 24 organizations qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the
- 25 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or under
- 26 section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
- as amended, who make casual and occasional sales not

28 conducted in a repeated manner or in the ordinary 29 course of repetitive and successive transactions of like 30 character: *Provided*, That the exemption herein 31 granted shall apply only to services, equipment, 32 supplies and materials directly used or consumed in 33 the activities for which such organizations qualify as 34 tax exempt organizations under the Internal Revenue 35 Code by these organizations and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;

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- (g) Sales of property or services to persons engaged in this state in the business of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or in the production of natural resources: Provided, That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, machinery, supplies and materials directly used or consumed in the businesses or organizations named above, and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel: Provided, however, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven, the exemption provided in this subsection shall apply only to services, machinery, supplies and materials directly used or consumed in the activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources in the businesses or organizations named above and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;
- (h) An isolated transaction in which any tangible personal property is sold, transferred, offered for sale or delivered by the owner thereof or by his representative for the owner's account, such sale, transfer, offer for sale or delivery not being made in the ordinary course of repeated and successive transactions of like character by such owner or on his account by such representative;
- (i) Sales of tangible personal property and services rendered for use or consumption in connection with the business of dispensing a service subject to tax under this article and sales of tangible personal property and services rendered for use or consumption in connection with the commercial production of an agricultural product the ultimate sale of which will be

- 69 subject to the tax imposed by this article or which 70 would have been subject to tax under this article: 71 *Provided*, That sales of tangible personal property and 72 services to be used or consumed in the construction of 73 or permanent improvement to real property and sales 74 of gasoline and special fuel shall not be exempt;
- 75 (j) Sales of tangible personal property to a person for 76 the purpose of resale in the form of tangible personal 77 property: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special 78 fuel by distributors and importers shall be taxable 79 except when the sale is to another distributor for 80 resale: Provided, however, That sales of building 81 materials or building supplies or other property to any 82 person engaging in the activity of contracting, as 83 defined in this article, which is to be installed in, 84 affixed to or incorporated by such person or his agent 85 into any real property, building or structure shall not 86 be exempt under this subsection, except that sales of 87 tangible personal property to a person engaging in the 88 activity of contracting pursuant to a written contract 89 with this state, or with a political subdivision thereof, 90 or with a public corporation created by the Legislature 91 or by another government entity pursuant to an act of 92 the Legislature, for a building or structure (or 93 improvement thereto) or other improvement to real 94 property that is or will be owned and used by the 95 governmental entity for a governmental or propri-96 etary purpose, who incorporates such property in such 97 building, structure or improvement shall, with respect 98 to such tangible personal property, nevertheless be 99 deemed to be the vendor of such property to the 100 governmental entity and any person seeking to qualify 101 for and assert this exception must do so pursuant to 102 such legislative rules and regulations as the tax 103 commissioner may promulgate and upon such forms 104 as the tax commissioner may prescribe. A subcontrac-105 tor who, pursuant to a written subcontract with a 106prime contractor who qualifies for this exception, 107provides equipment, or materials, and labor to such a 108 prime contractor shall be treated in the same manner 109as the prime contractor is treated with respect to the prime contract under this exception and the legislative

- 111 rules and regulations promulgated by the tax 112 commissioner:
- 113 (k) Sales of property or services to nationally
- 114 chartered fraternal or social organizations for the sole
- 115 purpose of free distribution in public welfare or relief
- 116 work: Provided, That sales of gasoline and special fuel
- 117 shall be taxable;
- 118 (l) Sales and services, fire fighting or station house
- 119 equipment, including construction and automotive,
- 120 made to any volunteer fire department organized and
- 121 incorporated under the laws of the state of West
- 122 Virginia: Provided, That sales of gasoline and special
- 123 fuel shall be taxable:
- 124 (m) Sales of newspapers when delivered to
- 125 consumers by route carriers;
- 126 (n) Sales of drugs dispensed upon prescription and
- 127 sales of insulin to consumers for medical purposes;
- 128 (o) Sales of radio and television broadcasting time,
- 129 preprinted advertising circulars and newspaper and
- 130 outdoor advertising space for the advertisement of
- 131 goods or services;
- 132 (p) Sales and services performed by day-care centers;
- 133 (q) Casual and occasional sales of property or
- 134 services not conducted in a repeated manner or in the
- 135 ordinary course of repetitive and successive
- 136 transactions of like character by corporations or
- 137 organizations qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the
- 138 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or under
- 139 section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
- 140 as amended:
- 141 (r) Sales of property or services to a school which
- 142 has approval from the West Virginia board of regents
- 143 to award degrees, which has its principal campus in
- 144 this state, and which is exempt from federal and state
- 145 income taxes under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
- 146 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended: Provided, That
- 147 sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable;
- 148 (s) Sales of mobile homes to be utilized by

- 149 purchasers as their principal year-round residence and 150 dwelling: *Provided*, That these mobile homes shall be 151 subject to tax at the three percent rate;
- 152 (t) Sales of lottery tickets and materials by licensed 153 lottery sales agents and lottery retailers authorized by 154 the state lottery commission, under the provisions of 155 article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 156 (u) Leases of motor vehicles titled pursuant to the 157provisions of article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code to lessees for a period of thirty or more consec-158 159 utive days. This exemption shall apply to leases 160 executed on or after the first day of July, one thou-161 sand nine hundred eighty-seven, and to payments 162under long-term leases executed before such date, for 163 months thereof beginning on or after such date;
- 164 (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g) 165 of this section or any provisions of this article to the 166 contrary, sales of property and services to persons 167subject to tax under article thirteen, thirteen-a or 168 thirteen-b of this chapter: Provided, That the exemp-169 tion herein granted shall apply both to property or 170 services directly or not directly used or consumed in 171 the conduct of privileges which are subject to tax 172under such articles but shall not apply to purchases of 173 gasoline or special fuel;
- 174 (w) Sales of propane to consumers for poultry house 175 heating purposes, with any seller to such consumer 176 who may have prior paid such tax in his price, to not 177pass on the same to the consumer, but to make 178 application and receive refund of such tax from the 179 tax commissioner, pursuant to rules and regulations 180 which shall be promulgated by the tax commissioner; 181 and notwithstanding the provisions of section eighteen 182of this article or any other provisions of such article to 183 the contrary;
- 184 (x) Any sales of tangible personal property or 185 services purchased after the thirtieth day of Septem-186 ber, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and 187 lawfully paid for with food stamps pursuant to the 188 federal food stamp program codified in 7 United States

- 189 Code, §2011, et seq., as amended, or with drafts issued
- 190 through the West Virginia special supplemental food
- 191 program for women, infants and children codified in
- 192 42 United States Code, §1786;
- 193 (y) Sales of tickets for activities sponsored by 194 elementary and secondary schools located within this
- 195 state; and
- 196 (z) Sales of electronic data processing services and 197 related software: *Provided*. That for the purposes of
- 198 this subsection (z) "electronic data processing
- 199 services' means (1) the processing of another's data,
- 200 including all processes incident to processing of data
- 201 such as keypunching, keystroke verification,
- 202 rearranging or sorting of previously documented data
- 203 for the purpose of data entry or automatic processing,
- 204 and changing the medium on which data is sorted,
- 205 whether these processes are done by the same person
- 206 or several persons; and (2) providing access to com-
- 207 puter equipment for the purpose of processing data or
- 208 examining or acquiring data stored in or accessible to
- 209 such computer equipment.

#### §11-15-33. Effective Date.

- The provisions of this article as amended or added
- 2 by this act shall take effect on the first day of March,
- 3 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and apply to
- 4 all taxable years ending after that date: Provided, That
- 5 if an effective date is expressly provided in such
- 6 provision, that specific effective date shall control in
- 7 lieu of this general effective date provision.

#### ARTICLE 15A. USE TAX.

- §11-15A-2. Imposition of tax; six percent tax rate beginning March one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; inclusion of services as taxable on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven; transition rules; allocation of tax and transfers.
  - 1 (a) An excise tax is hereby levied and imposed on 2 the use in this state of tangible personal property or

- 3 taxable services, to be collected and paid as hereinafter 4 provided, at the rate of six percent of the purchase 5 price of such property or taxable services, beginning 6 on the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred 7 eighty-nine, except that sales of gasoline and special 8 fuel shall remain taxable at five percent. "Taxable 9 services," for the purposes of this article, means 10 services of the nature that are subject to the tax 11 imposed by article fifteen of this chapter. In this 12 article, wherever the words "tangible personal property" or "property" appear, the same shall include the 14 words "or taxable services," where the context so 15 requires.
- (b) Such tax is hereby imposed upon every person using tangible personal property or taxable services within this state. That person's liability is not extinguished until such tax has been paid. A receipt with the tax separately stated thereon issued by a retailer engaged in business in this state, or by a foreign retailer who is authorized by the tax commissioner to collect the tax imposed by this article, relieves the purchaser from further liability for the tax to which the receipt refers.
- (c) Purchases of tangible personal property or taxable services made for the government of the United States or any of its agencies by ultimate consumers shall be subject to the tax imposed by this section. Industrial materials and equipment owned by the federal government within the state of West Virginia of a character not ordinarily readily obtainable within the state, shall not be subject to use tax when sold, if such industrial materials and equipment would not be subject to use taxes if such were sold outside of the state for use in West Virginia.
- (d) This article shall not apply to purchases made bycounties or municipal corporations.
- 39 (e) The provisions of this section, as amended, shall 40 apply on and after the first day of March, one thou-41 sand nine hundred eighty-nine, except where another 42 internal specific effective date controls.

43 (f) Of the taxes collected under the provisions of this 44 article, one sixth of such taxes collected for the period 45 subsequent to the thirty-first day of May, one thou-46 sand nine hundred eighty-eight and prior to the first 47 day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, 48 and not attributable to or resulting from the repeal of 49 section eleven, article fifteen of this chapter or 50 attributable to tax on gasoline and special fuel, shall be 51 reasonably allocated, with allowances for refunds and 52 net of reasonable costs of administration, to, and 53 deposited by the tax commissioner in the special 54 account created in the treasury by section eight-a, 55 article four-b, chapter twenty-three of this code, not to 56 exceed the amount sufficient for making timely 57 repayment of the principal and interest under the first 58 payment due, by the thirtieth day of June, one 59 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, in repayment for 60 the moneys previously transferred from such 61 pneumoconiosis fund.

### §11-15A-29. Effective date.

- 1 The provisions of this article as amended or added
- 2 by this act shall take effect on the first day of March,
- 3 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and apply to
- 4 all taxable years ending after that date: Provided, That
- 5 if an effective date is expressly provided in such
- 6 provision, that specific effective date shall control in
- 7 lieu of this general effective date provision.

#### ARTICLE 23. BUSINESS FRANCHISE TAX.

### §11-23-6. Imposition of tax; change in rate of tax.

- , ,
  - 1 (a) General. An annual business franchise tax is 2 hereby imposed on the privilege of doing business in
  - 3 this state and in respect of the benefits and protections
  - 4 conferred. Such tax shall be collected from every
  - 5 domestic corporation, every corporation having its
  - 6 commercial domicile in this state, every foreign or
  - 7 domestic corporation owning or leasing real or tangi-
  - 8 ble personal property located in this state or doing
  - 9 business in this state and from every partnership
- 10 owning or leasing real or tangible personal property
- 11 located in this state or doing business in this state,

- 12 effective on and after the first day of July, one 13 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.
- 14 (b) Amount of tax and rate; effective date.
- 15 (1) On and after the first day of July, one thousand 16 nine hundred eighty-seven, the amount of tax shall be 17 the greater of fifty dollars or fifty-five one hundredths 18 of one percent of the value of the tax base, as 19 determined under this article: Provided, That when the taxpayer's first taxable year under this article is a 21short taxable year, the taxpayer's liability shall be 22prorated based upon the ratio which the number of months in which such short taxable year bears to 24 twelve: Provided, however, That this subdivision (1) shall not apply to taxable years beginning on or after 26 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 27eighty-nine.
- 28 (2) Taxable years after December 31, 1988. — For 29taxable years beginning on or after the first day of 30 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the 31 amount of tax due under this article shall be the 32greater of fifty dollars or seventy-five one hundredths 33 of one percent of the value of the tax base as determined under this article: Provided, That when 34 35 the taxpayer's taxable year for federal income tax 36 purposes is a short taxable year, the tax determined by 37application of the tax rate to the taxpayer's tax base shall be prorated based upon the ratio which the 39number of months in such short taxable year bears to 40 twelve: Provided, however, That when the taxpayer's 41 first taxable year under this article is less than twelve months, the taxpayer's liability shall be prorated based upon the ratio which the number of months taxpayer was doing business in this state bears to twelve but in no event shall the tax due be less than fifty dollars.

#### §11-23-17. Credits against tax; expiration of credits.

- 1 (a) A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed
- 2 by this article equal to the amount of franchise tax
- 3 liability due under this article, for the taxable year
- 4 (determined before application of other allowable
- 5 credits) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of

6 which is the gross income of the business subject to 7 tax under article thirteen-a of this chapter and the 8 denominator of which is the total amount of gross 9 receipts derived from or attributable to all of 10 taxpayer's activity in West Virginia.

- 11 (b) For taxable years ending after the thirtieth day 12 of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, a 13 credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by this 14 article equal to the amount of franchise tax liability 15 due under this article, for the taxable year 16 (determined before application of other allowable 17 credits) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of 18 which is the gross income of the business subject to 19 tax under article thirteen of this chapter and the 20 denominator of which is the total amount of gross 21 receipts derived from or attributable to all of 22 taxpayer's activity in West Virginia: Provided, That 23 such credit shall be prorated and only that amount 24attributable to months of the taxable year beginning 25 after June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred 26 eighty-eight, shall be allowed as a credit.
- 27 (c) A parent taxpayer who files a separate return 28 under this article shall be allowed a credit against such taxpayer's liability for the tax under this article for 30 the amount of net taxes that would have been paid 31 without regard to the adjustment required by 32 subparagraph (D), paragraph (2), subsection (b), 33 section three of this article for the taxable year by a 34 subsidiary corporation or partnership: Provided, That 35 the amount of credit allowed shall not exceed the 36 amount of tax that would have been paid, without 37 regard to such adjustment, under this article by the 38 subsidiary or partnership, multiplied by the percent-39 age of the parent's ownership of the subsidiary corpo-40 ration or partnership. In the case of corporations, this 41 percentage shall be equal to the percentage of stock of 42 all classes owned by the parent. In no case shall any 43 credit allowable by this section, which is not used on 44 an annual return, be carried forward or back, but 45 instead the same shall be forfeited.
- 46 (d) A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed

- by this article for the taxable year equal to the amount of liability of the taxpayer for the taxable year for the full amount of any tax imposed pursuant to article eight of this chapter on the capital of the business, as determined under sections fourteen and fourteen-a, article three of this chapter.
- (e) Expiration of credits. The credits authorized in subsection (a) of this section, shall expire and not be authorized or allowed for any taxable month beginning on or after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. For taxable years beginning before said first day of March and ending after such date, the annual credit heretofore allowed by subsection (a) of this section shall be prorated by the number of months in the taxable year and only that portion of the credit attributable to months ending prior to said first day of March shall be allowable under this section.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

To take effect March 1, 1989.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegate

President of the Sena

Speaker House of Delegates

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